Other lessons:

penetrating injuries are the most important type, accounting for up to 50% of all ocular injuries, and

there is no delayed primary closure in ophthalmology; the primary repair almost always is the definitive repair.

Finally, because of the nature of modern weaponry, ocular injuries often are bilateral. More than half of all eye injuries (57%) are caused by improvised explosive devices (IEDs). The remaining injuries were caused by rocket-propelled grenades, gunshot wounds, mortar and shrapnel, land mines, and other causes.

Surprisingly, according to Dr. Ward, the incidence of endophthalmitis was 0%, despite the fact that approximately 25% of ocular injuries are caused by intraocular foreign bodies. Another factor that did not seem to affect the incidence was that the foreign bodies were not removed for weeks in many cases. Dr. Ward wondered whether the lack of endophthalmitis may have been the result of the use of topical and systemic third- or fourth-generation fluoroquinolones.

The IEDs being used are increasingly more powerful, and Dr. Ward showed that the injuries sustained with more recent ones cause more damage.

Many more eye injuries do not result in evacuation to the combat support hospital, he said. "As of late 2005, approximately 3,000 ocular injuries were reported as having been treated and the soldiers returned to duty. There were a total of 14,559 eye-related patient encounters by optometrists in the theater of war. This [number] from the Army is considered low as the result of inconsistent reporting," Dr. Ward emphasized.

Armor to protect the eyes has been used over the centuries, and it has been shown to be effective in eliminating war-related problems. Sympathetic ophthalmia, Dr. Ward pointed out, developed in about 0.3 percent of ocular injuries during World War II. Only one documented case has been reported by U.S. forces since the beginning of Operation Iraqi Freedom.

A statistic that emphasizes the importance of prevention is that ocular injuries hold the number four slot for disability behind amputation, traumatic brain injury, and post-traumatic stress disorder.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. ALTMIRE). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. FILNER) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 855.

The question was taken; and (twothirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. FILNER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on House Resolution 855.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

DO-NOT-CALL REGISTRY FEE EXTENSION ACT OF 2007

Mr. BUTTERFIELD. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 2601) to extend the authority of the Federal Trade Commission to collect fees to administer and enforce the provisions relating to the "Do-not-call" registry of the Telemarketing Sales Rule. as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The text of the bill is as follows:

H.B. 2601

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Do-Not-Call Registry Fee Extension Act of 2007".

SEC. 2. FEES FOR ACCESS TO REGISTRY.

Section 2, of the Do-Not-Call Implementation Act (15 U.S.C. 6101 note) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 2. TELEMARKETING SALES RULE; DO-NOT-CALL REGISTRY FEES.

"(a) In GENERAL.—The Federal Trade Commission shall assess and collect an annual fee pursuant to this section in order to implement and enforce the 'do-not-call' registry as provided for in section 310.4(b)(1)(iii) of title 16, Code of Federal Regulations, or any other regulation issued by the Commission under section 3 of the Telemarketing and Consumer Fraud and Abuse Prevention Act (15 U.S.C. 6102).

"(b) ANNUAL FEES .-

"(1) In GENERAL.—The Commission shall charge each person who accesses the 'do-not-call' registry an annual fee that is equal to the lesser of—

"(A) \$54 for each area code of data accessed from the registry; or

"(B) \$14,850 for access to every area code of data contained in the registry.

"(2) EXCEPTION.—The Commission shall not charge a fee to any person—

"(A) for accessing the first 5 area codes of data; or

"(B) for accessing area codes of data in the registry if the person is permitted to access, but is not required to access, the 'do-not-call' registry under section 310 of title 16, Code of Federal Regulations, section 64.1200 of title 47, Code of Federal Regulations, or any other Federal regulation or law.

"(3) DURATION OF ACCESS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall allow each person who pays the annual fee described in paragraph (1), each person excepted under paragraph (2) from paying the annual fee, and each person excepted from paying an annual fee under section 310.4(b)(1)(iii)(B) of title 16, Code of Federal Regulations, to access the area codes of data in the 'do-not-call' registry for which the person has paid during that person's annual period.

"(B) ANNUAL PERIOD.—In this paragraph, the term 'annual period' means the 12-month period beginning on the first day of the month in which a person pays the fee described in paragraph (1).

"(c) ADDITIONAL FEES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall charge a person required to pay an annual fee under subsection (b) an additional fee for each additional area code of data the person wishes to access during that person's annual period.

"(2) RATES.—For each additional area code of data to be accessed during the person's annual period, the Commission shall charge—

"(A) \$54 for access to such data if access to the area code of data is first requested during the first 6 months of the person's annual period; or

"(B) \$27 for access to such data if access to the area code of data is first requested after the first 6 months of the person's annual period. "(d) Adjustment of Fees.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—

"(A) FISCAL YEAR 2009.—The dollar amount described in subsection (b) or (c) is the amount to be charged for fiscal year 2009.

"(B) FISCAL YEARS AFTER 2009.—For each fiscal year beginning after fiscal year 2009, each dollar amount in subsection (b)(1) and (c)(2) shall be increased by an amount equal to—

"(i) the dollar amount in paragraph (b)(1) or (c)(2), whichever is applicable, multiplied by

"(ii) the percentage (if any) by which the CPI for the most recently ended 12-month period ending on June 30 exceeds the baseline CPI.

"(2) ROUNDING.—Any increase under subparagraph (B) shall be rounded to the nearest dollar.

"(3) CHANGES LESS THAN 1 PERCENT.—The Commission shall not adjust the fees under this section if the change in the CPI is less than 1 percent.

"(4) PUBLICATION.—Not later than September 1 of each year the Commission shall publish in the Federal Register the adjustments to the applicable fees, if any, made under this subsection.

"(5) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
"(4) CPI.—The term 'CPI' means the average
of the monthly consumer price index (for all
urban consumers published by the Department
of Labor).

"(B) BASELINE CPI.—The term 'baseline CPI' means the CPI for the 12-month period ending June 30, 2008.

"(e) Prohibition Against Fee Sharing.—No person may enter into or participate in an arrangement (as such term is used in section 310.8(c) of the Commission's regulations (16 C.F.R. 310.8(c))) to share any fee required by subsection (b) or (c), including any arrangement to divide the costs to access the registry among various clients of a telemarketer or service provider.

"(f) HANDLING OF FEES .-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The commission shall deposit and credit as offsetting collections any fee collected under this section in the account 'Federal Trade Commission—Salaries and Expenses', and such sums shall remain available until expended.

"(2) LIMITATION.—No amount shall be collected as a fee under this section for any fiscal year except to the extent provided in advance by appropriations Acts.".

SEC. 3. REPORT.

Section 4 of the Do-Not-Call Implementation Act (15 U.S.C. 6101 note) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 4. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

"(a) BIENNIAL REPORTS.—Not later than December 31, 2009, and biennially thereafter, the Federal Trade Commission, in consultation with the Federal Communications Commission, shall transmit a report to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Energy and Commerce that includes—

"(1) the number of consumers who have placed their telephone numbers on the registry;

"(2) the number of persons paying fees for access to the registry and the amount of such fees;
"(3) the impact on the 'do-not-call' registry

"(A) the 5-year reregistration requirement;

"(B) new telecommunications technology; and "(C) number portability and abandoned telephone numbers; and

"(4) the impact of the established business relationship exception on businesses and consumers.

"(b) ADDITIONAL REPORT.—Not later than December 31, 2009, the Federal Trade Commission, in consultation with the Federal Communications Commission, shall transmit a report to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Energy and Commerce that includes—

"(1) the effectiveness of do-not-call outreach and enforcement efforts with regard to senior citizens and immigrant communities;